



# Manufactured Medical Cannabis Proposed Regulations: Overview & Key Elements

California State Association of Counties May 17, 2017

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#### Outline



- Laws How we got here
- Roles of state agencies Licensing
- "Big Picture"
- Manufacturing Regulations content
  - Licensing and Fees
  - Compliance and Standards
  - Packaging and Labeling
- Laboratory role
- Q&A

# National Status

28 states &
 DC
 legalized
 medical use

8 states &
 DC legalized
 both
 medical and
 adult use

#### BUSINESS INSIDER ELECTION \* 2016

#### STATES WHERE MARIJUANA IS LEGALIZED



PA

OH

IL

AZ NM

SOURCES: Politico; Reuters

(NV)

#### California



1996

• Proposition 215, Compassionate Use Act

2003

• Senate Bill 420, Medical Marijuana Program

2015/16

Medical Cannabis Regulation & Safety Act

2016

• Adult Use of Marijuana Act (Prop. 64)

"....one regulatory structure of cannabis activities across California is needed."

(<a href="http://www.ebudget.ca.gov/FullBudgetSummary.pdf">http://www.ebudget.ca.gov/FullBudgetSummary.pdf</a>, p.130)

(http://www.dof.ca.gov/Budget/Trailer\_Bill\_Language/documents/200CannabisRegulationDraft.pdf)

# Licensing Authorities (MCRSA)



CDFA / CalCannabis

- Cultivators,
- Track and Trace,
- Environmental Impact Report

CDPH / OMCS

- Manufacturers

DCA / BMCR -BMC

- Transporters,
- Distributors,
- Testing Labs\*,
- Dispensaries

<sup>\*</sup> Prop 64 note: Testing labs to be licensed by CDPH (but TBL addresses)

# Overarching Principles



Cannabis/cannabis infused products are neither food nor drug

Dual licensing: local control is at the core of the regulatory framework

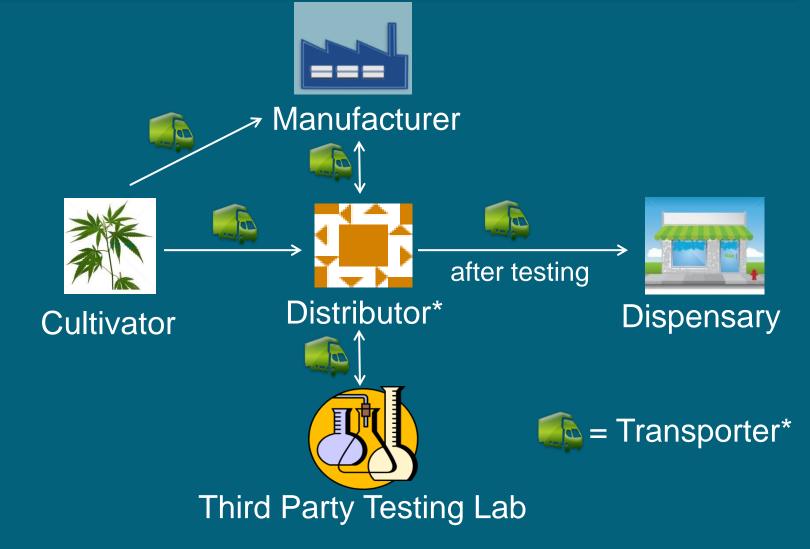
Public Health & Safety

State responsible for inspection, enforcement, product safety, labeling and safe packaging, etc.

State sets minimum standards, locals can be stricter

# Product Movement (MCRSA)





\* Prop 64 note: No transporter license; separate distributor not required; vertical integration allowed (except labs)

# Scope



# Example MC Products



# Implementation Timeline



January 1, 2018

Staffing

Regulations

SRIA\*

**Database** 

Licensing

\* Standardized Regulatory Impact Assessment

Goal: begin licensing as of January 1, 2018

Prop 64 note: Adult-use regulations will be generally similar and will utilize the emergency regulation process to meet this timeline

#### Approach and Resources



#### **Guiding considerations**

- Public health and consumer safety
- Enforceability
- Wide range of manufacturing operations and products

Office of
Manufactured
Cannabis
Safety
(OMCS)

#### **Resources Used**

- Other states regulations and Sherman Act
- CDPH Food and Drug Branch experiences & expertise
- Other State cannabis licensing authorities
- Stakeholder input (including manufacturers)

# Regulations



#### Conducted Pre-Regulatory Stakeholder Meetings:

1. Redding

- September 19, 2016
- 2. Sacramento
- September 20, 2016

3. Santa Rosa

- September 22, 2016

4. Oakland

- September 26, 2016

5. Fresno

- September 27, 2016
- 6. Los Angeles
- October 4, 2016

7. San Diego

- October 5, 2016

8. Santa Ana

- October 18 , 2016

# Outline

# Regulations (MCRSA)



#### Definitions

- Licensing types and requirements
- Fee schedule
- Compliance
- Product standards\*
- Packaging: not attractive to children, child resistant, and tamper proof\*
- Labeling: primary and informational panel, warning statements and prohibitions\*
- Standardized Regulatory Impact Assessment (SRIA)

# Manufacturing – Extractions



# Example of Extraction Methods and Types of Solvents Used



Food based (e.g. oil, food grade glycerin, butter)



Supercritical fluid extraction (e.g., carbon dioxide)



Uncompressed liquid solvents (e.g., ethanol, methanol, acetone, naphtha)



Compressed liquid hydrocarbons (e.g., butane)

# Manufacturing – Types



Volatile Solvent Extraction

Packaging and Labeling

Manufactured Cannabis Nonvolatile Solvent Extraction

Infusion

#### Proposed License Types



- Type 6 Nonvolatile solvent extraction water, food/oil, dry ice, mechanical, CO<sub>2</sub>
- Type 7 Volatile solvent extractions butane, hexane, propane, etc.
- Type N Infusion only: purchase concentrate from another manufacturer and add it to their own products
- Type P Packaging and labeling only: package and label other manufacturer's products

#### Proposed Fees



- One-time Application Processing Fee \$1,000
- Annual License Fees (scaled, based on business size)

Gross Revenue	License Fee
Tier I - up to \$100,000	\$2,000
Tier II - \$100,000 - \$500,000	\$7,500
Tier III - \$500,000 - \$2 million	\$15,000
Tier IV - \$2 million - \$5 million	\$35,000
Tier V - \$5 million and over	\$50,000

### Compliance Requirements



- Security measures
- Sanitary conditions
- Equipment, utensil, and surface sterilization procedures
- Assessment of potential hazards and implementation of preventive controls (aka "HACCP")
- Standard Operating Procedures
- Transportation procedures
- Employee training record
- Inventory control, and record keeping
- Recall, and destruction / disposal procedures

#### Product Standards



- All components / ingredients of an edible product must be approved for use in food
- Cannabis product cannot be infused with nicotine, added caffeine, or alcohol
- Cannot make / infuse potentially hazardous foods (non shelf stable products) that are a higher risk of causing foodborne illness
- Cannabinoids must be uniformly distributed in the product
- Product must be free of contaminants

# Packaging



#### **Key Packaging Elements**

- Not attractive to children
- Child-resistant
- Tamper-proof
- Opaque for edible products
- Resealable, if the package contains more than one serving
- All manufactured products to be packaged in their final form prior to release to a distributor

# Labeling



#### "Primary panel"

- Total cannabinoid content per serving
- Total cannabinoid content per container / package
- Terpenes, if claimed
- "Cannabis-infused"
- Universal symbol



The information must be printed in no less than 6 point font size  $(1/12^{th})$  of an inch

NOTE: No claims of health or other physical benefits

# Labeling



#### "Informational panel"

- Mandated warning statements
- Ingredient list, including potential allergens
- Edibles: sodium, sugar, carbohydrates, and total fat per serving.
- Solvents used
- Serving size, and number of serving per container
- Instructions for use
- Expiration or use by date

The information must be printed in no less than 6 point font size  $(1/12^{th})$  of an inch).

# Rulemaking Timeline



#### Proposed regulations for medical cannabis products:

- April 28, 2017 OAL notification for 45-day public comment period
- June 13, 2017 45-day comment period ends
- Two 15 day comment periods, if needed
- January 1, 2018 begin issuing licenses

#### Prop 64 (AUMA) and Trailer Bill proposed regulations:

- August/September Emergency Regulations
- January 1, 2018 begin issuing licenses

#### What to Comment on?



#### Rulemaking package contains multiple documents:

- The most useful comments are directed at the <u>proposed regulatory text</u> with the intent to improve the regulations
  - Include the section in the regulation text that you wish to comment on;
  - Have a written recommendation on what to change to the text; and
  - Explain your reasoning as to why change would benefit the manufacturing of cannabis, and public health & safety

#### How to Comment?

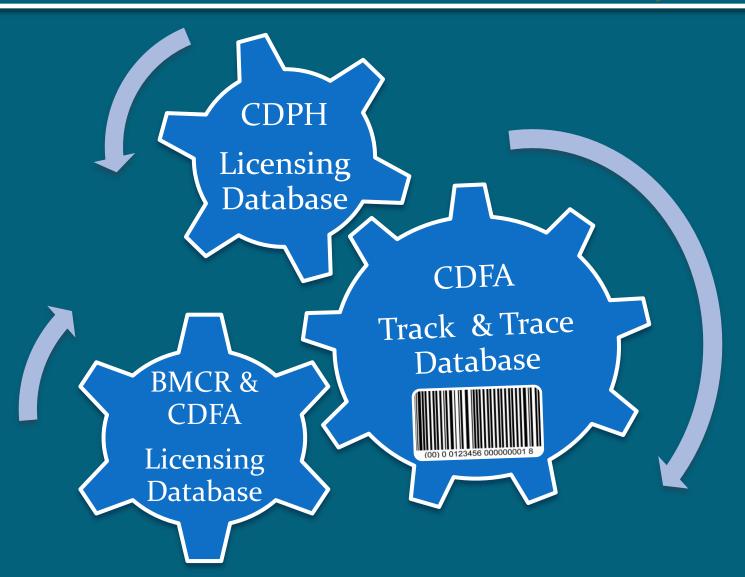


#### Multiple ways to comment on proposed regulations:

- By mail: 1415 L Street, Suite 500, Sacramento, CA 95814
- By Fax: 916-440-5747
- By Email: regulations@cdph.ca.gov
- At a Public Hearing verbally or in writing:
  - June 8, 2017, 10 a.m. 1:00 p.m. At 50 D
     Street, Room 410A/410B, Santa Rosa, CA
  - June 13, 2017, 10:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. at 1350
     Front Street, Auditorium, San Diego, CA
- No comments over the phone!

# IT Solutions





#### Lab Testing Support



CDPH's Laboratory Campus, Richmond, CA



#### Key roles of CDPH cannabis laboratory:

- Assist DCA to develop regulations for third party testing labs Standards, methods, sampling, QC, staff, training, records, etc.
- 2. Compliance lab role in support of OMCS Inspections, field samples, enforcement, etc.

#### Information



California Cannabis Portal:

https://cannabis.ca.gov/

OMCS webpage: <a href="https://www.cdph.ca.gov/omcs">www.cdph.ca.gov/omcs</a>

Email: <a href="mailto:omcs@cdph.ca.gov">omcs@cdph.ca.gov</a>

List Serve: LISTSERV@MAILLIST.DHS.CA.GOV

OMCS Chief: Asif Maan, Ph.D.





# Thank You

Questions?