



The following tables provide summaries for qualified, pending and proposed initiatives that are relevant to counties and CSAC.

*Last updated February 15, 2018*

**QUALIFIED STATEWIDE BALLOT MEASURES – JUNE OR NOVEMBER 2018**

<i>Subject/Title</i>	<i>Summary</i>	<i>Current Status</i>
<b>Proposition 68 – California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, &amp; Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018</b> (SB 5 – Chapter 852, Statutes of 2017)	Would authorize the issuance of \$4 billion in general obligation bonds for parks, environmental protection, and water infrastructure.	CSAC did not have a position on SB 5 when it passed through the Legislature in 2017, but the AENR Policy Committee is scheduled to take this measure up during its next meeting on March 15.  <i>(June 2018 ballot)</i>

**QUALIFIED STATEWIDE BALLOT MEASURES – JUNE OR NOVEMBER 2018**

<i>Subject/Title</i>	<i>Summary</i>	<i>Current Status</i>
<b>Proposition 69 – SB 1 Revenue Protection</b> (ACA 5 – Chapter 30, Statutes of 2017)	This measure would extend the existing constitutional protections that ensure fuel tax revenues are spent on transportation to the approximately 30% of revenues generated by SB 1 that aren't currently protected.	The CSAC Board of Directors took action at its January 2018 meeting to support this measure, consistent with CSAC's position on ACA 5.  <i>(June 2018 ballot)</i>
<b>Proposition 70 – Vote Requirement to Use Cap-and-Trade Revenue</b> (ACA 1 – Chapter 105, Statutes of 2017)	This measure would require that the 2024 allocations of cap-and-trade funds be approved by two-thirds of both the Assembly and Senate. Until that two-thirds vote is reached, revenue from cap-and-trade auctions would be placed into a new fund and remain unallocated.	CSAC did not have a position on ACA 1 when it passed through the Legislature in 2017.  <i>(June 2018 ballot)</i>
<b>Proposition 71 – Ballot Measures Effective Date</b> (ACA 17 – Chapter 190, Statutes of 2017)	This measure would delay the enactment of voter-approved initiative or referenda until 5 days after the Secretary of State releases the Statement of Vote.	CSAC did not have a position on ACA 17 when it passed through the Legislature in 2017.  <i>(June 2018 ballot)</i>
<b>Veterans and Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2018</b> (SB 3 – Chapter 365, Statutes of 2017)	This measure would authorize the issuance of \$4 billion in general obligation bonds for affordable housing programs and a veteran's home ownership program.	CSAC had a support position on SB 3 when it passed through the Legislature in 2017.  <i>(November 2018 ballot)</i>



**PROPOSED INITIATIVES UNDERGOING SIGNATURE COLLECTION**

<i>Subject/Title</i>	<i>Summary</i>	<i>Current Status</i>
<b>Bond Funding for Water Supply Projects, Watershed, Fish, Wildlife, Water Conveyance, and Groundwater Sustainability and Storage.</b>	This measure would authorize the issuance of \$8.877 billion in state general obligations for various water infrastructure projects, including safe drinking water, watershed and fishery improvements, habitat protection, water conveyance, groundwater sustainability/storage, and surface water storage/dam repairs.	<b><i>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</i></b> , as of November 11, 2017.
<b>Expansion of Prop. 13 Base Year Value Transfers</b>	This measure would expand the base year value program under Proposition 13 by allowing homeowners 55 years and older to carry their property tax values with them in perpetuity, regardless of the number of moves they make, the market value of their replacement homes, or their location in the state.	<b><i>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</i></b> , as of January 5. They have until March 26 to collect the remaining 75%.  While CSAC has not yet taken a position on this initiative, we have historically opposed any legislation seeking to expand base year value transfers as they represent a significant revenue loss for counties.
<b>State Regulation of Kidney Dialysis Clinics: Revenue Limits</b>	This measure would require dialysis clinics to issue rebates when they exceed a specified revenue cap, and additionally requires annual reporting to the Department of Public Health. This measure is modeled closely after AB 251 (Bonta) which is still pending in the Legislature.	<b><i>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</i></b> , as of November 22, 2017. They have until April 11, 2018 to collect the remaining 75%.
<b>State Regulation of Kidney Dialysis Clinics: Staffing Requirements</b>	This measure would establish new staffing requirements for dialysis clinics to follow. These requirements include maximum staffing ratios, minimum transition times, and quarterly reporting. This measure is modeled closely after SB 349 (Lara) which is still pending in the Legislature.	Proponents have until April 11 to collect signatures.
<b>California Healthcare Fund</b>	This measure would create a trust fund within the state treasury solely for funding healthcare and healthcare-related expenses, exempt from spending caps and revenue sharing requirements. Additionally, it would allow the Legislature to raise any taxes dedicated to the fund with a majority vote. The main impetus behind the measure is to help fund universal single-payer healthcare across the State, as proposed by SB 562 (Lara).	Proponents have until April 23 to collect signatures.
<b>2% Sales Tax Increase for Teacher Raises</b>	This measure would require public schools, beginning in 2020, to pay their full-time teachers no less than state legislators, funded through a 2% increase in the state sales tax rate.	Proponents have until April 24 to collect signatures.



**PROPOSED INITIATIVES UNDERGOING SIGNATURE COLLECTION**

<i>Subject/title</i>	<i>Summary</i>	<i>Current Status</i>
<b>Voting Rights for Felons in Prison or on Parole</b>	This measure would grant the right to vote to felons in prison or on parole. The measure also would eliminate the requirement for trial courts to provide conviction information to county elections officials.	Proponents have until April 25 to collect signatures.
<b>Psilocybin Decriminalization</b>	This measure would decriminalize the adult use of Psilocybin, which is a naturally occurring hallucinogen found in certain species of mushrooms.	<b>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</b> , as of January 23. They have until April 30 to collect the remaining 75%.
<b>Tax Exemption for Residents Aged 55+</b>	This measure would exempt California residents 55 years and older from all forms of state and local taxes and fees.	Proponents have until May 8 to collect signatures.
<b>Tax Debt Forgiveness and VLF Reduction</b>	This measure would reduce the Vehicle License Fee (VLF) from 0.65% to 0.32% in addition to making various other changes to the charges currently collected by the DMV. The measure would also place restrictions on the state's ability to collect unpaid taxes.	Proponents have until May 15 to collect signatures.
<b>SB 1 Repeal</b>	This measure would require the Legislature to secure a two-thirds vote in both the Senate and Assembly, then obtain the majority vote of the electorate to enact any gas, diesel, or vehicle-related tax or fee increase. Since the initiative has a retroactive effective date of January 1, 2017, it would repeal SB 1.	<b>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</b> , as of December 15, 2018. They have until May 21 to collect the remaining 75%.  The CSAC Board of Directors recently voted to oppose the SB 1 repeal effort.
<b>Proceeds of Voter-Approved Bonds or Taxes</b>	This measure would prohibit the state and local governments from using bond proceeds or tax revenue for projects or funds that are not expressly listed in a ballot measure that authorizes the bonds and/or taxes.	Proponents have until June 4 to collect signatures.
<b>Rent Control</b>	This measure would give local governments broader ability to impose rent control ordinances.	Proponents have until June 25 to collect signatures.
<b>On-Call Rest Breaks for Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics</b>	This measure would require on-call meal and rest breaks for private-sector EMTs and paramedics , which the Legislative Analyst's Office estimates will result in local government net savings in the tens of millions of dollars annually due to lower emergency ambulance contract costs.	Proponents have until June 27 to collect signatures.
<b>"Reducing Crime and Keeping California Safe Act of 2018"</b>	This measure would reverse parts of Proposition 57 (2016), Proposition 47 (2014), and AB 109 (Chapter 15, Statutes of 2011) by reclassifying violent crimes, reforming the parole system so violent felons are not released, expanding parolee oversight, and strengthening penalties for parole violations. It would also change theft laws under Prop. 47.	<b>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</b> , as of February 7, 2018. They have until July 3 to collect the remaining 75%.



**PROPOSED INITIATIVES UNDERGOING SIGNATURE COLLECTION**

<i>Subject/Title</i>	<i>Summary</i>	<i>Current Status</i>
<b>Bond Funding for Children’s Hospitals</b>	This measure would authorize the issuance of \$1.5 billion in general obligation bonds to award grants to children’s hospitals for capital improvements.	<b><i>Proponents report having collected 25% of the required signatures</i></b> , as of February 7, 2018, They have until July 16 to collect the remaining 75%.
<b>Healthcare for Low-Income Patients</b>	This measure would impose an additional 1% on personal income over \$1 million to help fund hospitals, clinics, and primary care providers serving low-income patients.	Proponents have until July 17 to collect signatures.
<b>Supermajority Vote Requirement for New Revenue Measures</b>	This measure would require a two-thirds vote of the electorate in order for a local government to impose, extend, or increase any tax. Additionally, the measure would expand the definition of a tax to encompass several fees and charges that are currently treated as nontax levies, thus subjecting them to a two-thirds vote requirement. The measure has a retroactive effective date of January 1, 2018.	Proponents have until July 25 to collect signatures.
<b>Lead-Paint Liability and Remediation Projects</b>	This measure would reverse court rulings which currently require paint manufacturers to fund lead abatement programs and in its place authorize the state to sell \$2 billion in general obligation bonds to fund the remediation of environmental and structural hazards – such as mold, asbestos, radon, water, pests, ventilation, and lead hazards – in homes, schools, and senior facilities.	Proponents have until July 25 to collect signatures.

